

**Keeping a fresh** perspective on your eyes page 14B

**Study links Facebook to** depression page 14B







By PATTY LEON n 1978, the low-budget science-fiction film "At-tack of the Killer Tomatoes" was a hit among young moviegoers. The film was a spoof n the horror and sci-fi genre movies of that time and featured monstrous

that a diet high in fruits, vegeta-bles, soy, fiber, lycopene — which over a period of 12 years. you find in tomatoes - and the omega-3 fatty acids reduces the risk of both breast cancer and prostate cancer," Dr. Dean Or-

California San Francisco. diets contain a lot of naturally occur-ring antioxidants that, combined with physical with physical activity, have been shown to reduce what is called oxidative stress." Ornish has

spent decades researching the benefits of lifestyle cluding a plant-based diet rich in foods that foods that contain lyco-pene and other antioxidants. in reducing or completely eliminating chronic ill-nesses.

Giovannucci, a pro-fessor of nutrition and epidemiology at Harvard University's T.H. Chan School of Public Health, said the lycopene found in tomatoes and other fruits and vege-tables is a carotenoid, a family of pigments that give fruits and vegetables their bright red, orange and yellow coloring.

quent tomato or lycopene intake
was associated with a reduced
risk of prostate cancer. His recontains 21,960 micrograms search also found that lycopene intake was associated with a reduced risk of prostate cancer and

volting against humans, killing them off one by one.

Today, however, tomatoes are lycopene, was associated with an

highly regarded in helping humans in battling a barrage of diseases. Prostate and breast cancer,
surprisingly, top the list.

Research indicates that tomatoes contain lycopene, which
cicantities consider to be a creater
state cancer risk.

More recently, a team of Finnshr researchers published a rematoes contain lycopene, which
stating that lycopene decreases scientists consider to be a strong antioxidant. the risk of stroke in men. The report was published in October 2012 and was based on research

Dr. Andrew Weil is an Amerinish, a clinical professor of medicine at the University of at the University of Arizona. He Alifornia San Francisco, reported when speaking about the benefits of a more plant-based diet while in Savannah in November. "These tate cancers. He said it also may be the most powerful carotenoid against singlet oxygen, a highly reactive oxygen molecule and a primary cause of premature skin

aging.
Samantha Heller, a registered dietitian and frequent contrib-utor to "The Dr. Oz Show," said lycopene also is found in pink grapefruit, watermelon and gua-va. She agrees that it helps with premature skin aging and helps reduce the risk of sunburn.

"It helps protect the skin against the ultraviolet rays that against the ultraviolet rays that cause sunburn and premature aging," she reported on doctoroz. com, adding that folks should still apply sunscreen. Weil noted that despite being

red, strawberries and cherries do not contain lycopene. It is found in watermelons and other fruits and vegetables, he said, just not in the amount found in tomatoes.

Like Giovannucci, Weil said the cooking process makes the lycopene more bio-available and accounts for 85 percent of how Americans take in lycopene in their diets.

Giovannucci recommends at least 10 milligrams of lycopene per day and said that because lycopene is a fat-soluble nutrient, it is best taken when combined with some form of healthy fat.

For example, he reported that when cooking a tomato sauce, In 2002, Giovannucci pub-lished his research findings in the Journal of the National Can-cer Institute confirming that fre-ded that getting the recommended

## Keeping a fresh perspective on your eyes

## See the facts about vision during Women's Eye Health and Safety Month

In many households, women tend to actively be on the lookout for their family's overall health and well-being. While self-lessly putting the needs of loved ones before their own, women can often overlook health problems of their own that could lead to major health-care costs down the road. This is especially true when it comes to vision.

Vision problems are the second most preva-lent health problem in the country, affecting more than 120 million people, according to the Vision Council of America. Al-

though it's important ditions that could impact history: Because some eye for everyone to maintain healthy eyes, research their vision, are hereditary, research shows that women are at greater risk of suffering permanent vision loss than men. In fact, 66 percent of women are more likely to incur blindness than men, according to Prevent Blindness, a leading eyehealth organization.

Additionally, wom-en are significantly more likely to develop various vision issues, including vision issues, including glaucoma, cataracts, refractive error and age-re-lated macular degenera-tion, or AMD, which is the leading cause of vision loss among Americans older than age 55. Furthermore, women are also at greater risk of other health con-



percent of women are un-aware of these heightened risks, many do not take the proper precautions to en-sure they have a good bill of health. April is National Women's Eye Health and Safety Month, and it's the perfect time for all women (and men) to take a fresh look at taking care of their

can help protect — and improve — your vision:

• Know your family's

and be aware of your family's eye-health history so you can inform your doc-

• Quit smoking (or never start): Studies show that smoking increases the risk of AMD, cataracts, glaucoma, diabetic retinopathy and dry-eye syndrome. Smokers are three to four times more likely to devel-op AMD than nonsmok-ers, and people living with smokers nearly double their risk of developing the disease as well.

• Wear protective eye equipment: Use proper eyewear when partici-pating in sports or do-ing various chores, such

sunglasses that substantially block ultraviolet or UVA, and ultraviolet B, or UVB, ravs.

• Maintain a healthy diet: Vitamins C and E. zinc, lutein, zeaxanthin and omega-3 fatty acids all play an important role in eye health. Ideal foods to incorporate in your diet include carrots, spinach, kale, grapefruit, straw-berries, seeds, nuts, eggs, salmon, albacore tuna, trout and halibut. In addition, you can also take nu-

tritional supplements. • Visit your eye-care specialist regularly: Some eye diseases have no symptoms. To ensure you have

as yardwork and repairs around the house. Also, wear brimmed hats and ly, it is important to get a comprehensive dilated eye exam every two years for adults ages 18 to 60, and annual exams for seniors age 61 and older. These exams are also helpful for detecting other high-risk health conditions, such as diabetes, high-blood pres-

sure and high cholesterol. By proactively acting on these tips and making vision a health priority now, you will save your eyes and overall health in the long

Kishel is senior clinical officer for Blue Cross Blu Shield of Georgia and a fel-low of the American Acad-

## Study links Facebook to depression

SPECIAL TO THE COURIER

The social-media site Facebook can be an effective tool for connecting with new and old friends. However, some users spending quite a bit of time viewing Facebook may inevitably begin comparing what's happening in their lives to the activities and accomplishments of their friends.

According to University of Houston researcher Mai-Ly Steers, this kind of social comparison paired with the amount of time spent on Facebook may be linked to depressive symptoms. Steers' research on the topic is pre-sented in the article "Seeing Everyone Else's Highlight

age is Linked to Depressive Symptoms," published in the Journal of Social and Clinical Psychology. "Although social com-

parison processes have been examined at length in traditional contexts, the literature is only beginning to explore social comparisons in online social-networking settings," said Steers, a doctoral candi-date in social psychology at the university.

the university.

Steers conducted two
studies to investigate how
social comparison to peers
on Facebook might impact
users' psychological health.
Both studies provide evidence that Facebook users felt depressed when comparing themselves to others

"It doesn't mean Facebook causes depression, but that depressed feelings and lots of time on Facebook and comparing oneself to others tend to go hand in hand," Steers said.

The first study found an

association between time spent on Facebook and de-pressive symptoms for both genders. However, the results demonstrated that making Facebook social comparisons mediated the link between time spent on Facebook and depressive symptoms for men only. Similarly, the second study found a relationship between the amount of time spent on Facebook and depressive symptoms was mediated by social comparisons on Facebook. Unlike the first study, gender did not moderate these associations.

The concept of social comparison is not new. In fact, it has been studied in face-to-face contexts since the 1950s. However, engaging in social comparisons on online social-media sites may make people feel even

worse. "One danger is that Facebook often gives us information about our friends that we are not normally privy to, which gives us even more opportunities to socially compare," Steers said. "You can't really control the impulse to compare because you never know what your friends are going to post. In addition, most of our Face-

about the good things that occur in their lives while leaving out the bad. If we're comparing ourselves to our friends' 'highlight reels,' this may lead us to think their lives are better than they actually are and, conversely, make us feel worse about our own lives."

Steers said people afflicted with emotional difficulties may be particularly susceptible to depressive symptoms from Facebook social com-parison after spending more time on the site. For already distressed individuals, this distorted view of their friends' lives may make them feel alone in their internal struggles, which may compound their feelings of lone-

"This research and pre-vious research indicates the act of socially comparing oneself to others is related to long-term destructive emotions. Any benefit gained from making social comparisons is temporary, and engaging in frequent social comparison of any kind may be linked to lower well-be-

ing," Steers said. Steers hopes the results of these studies will help people understand that technolog-ical advances often possess both intended and unintended consequences. Further, she hopes her research will help guide future interven-tions that target the reduction of Facebook use among those at risk for depression



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